Offretite

Si(79), Al(21)

Contributed by Hans Lechert

Verified by M. Mertens and R Russu

Type Material Na<sub>0.2</sub>K<sub>0.9</sub>[Al<sub>4</sub>Si<sub>14</sub>O<sub>36</sub>] : wH<sub>2</sub>O<sup>a</sup>

Method H. Lechert, H. Weyda [1]

Batch Composition 3.0 Na<sub>2</sub>O : 1.0 K<sub>2</sub>O : Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> : 20.8 SiO<sub>2</sub> : 1.73 (TMA)Cl : 324 H<sub>2</sub>O<sup>b</sup> (TMA tetramethylammonium)

### **Source Materials**

OFF

distilled water sodium hydroxide, reagent grade (99+% NaOH) aluminum tri-isopropylate [Al(OC<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] potassium hydroxide, reagent grade (87% KOH) silica (Merck, precipitated and dried, 87% SiO<sub>2</sub>) tetramethylammopaum chloride [Merck, N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>Cl]

### Batch Preparation (for 64 g dry product)

- (1) [28.1 g water + 16.8 g sodium hydroxide], mix until dissolved
- (2) [(1) + 42.5 g aluminum tri-isopropylate], stir at 100°C and evaporate to reduce to 42.0 g
- (3) [(2) + 58 g water], stir and cool to ambient temperature; dilute to 100 g total
- (4) [379.3 g water + 8.4 g sodium hydroxide + 13.4 g potassium hydroxide], mix until dissolved
- (5) [(4) + 149.4 g silica], mix for 30 minutes
- (6) [(5) + (3)], mix for 30 minutes
- (7) [(6) + 126.4 g water], mix for 30 minutes
- (8) [(7) + 19.7 g tetrametylammonium chloride], mix for 30 minutes

# Crystallization

Vessel: Teflon-lined autoclave Temperature: 160°C Time: 20 hours Agitation: none

# Product Recovery

- (1) Centrifuge
- (2) Wash to near neutrality
- (3) Dry at 100°C
- (4) Yield: near 100% on Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

# **Product Characterization**

XRD: Strong OFF, no extraneous phases; competing phases: erionite,<sup>c</sup> Zeolite P (GIS), analcime Elemental Analysis: 0.10 Na<sub>2</sub>O : 0.46 K<sub>2</sub>O : Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> : 7.72 SiO<sub>2</sub><sup>d</sup> Crystal Size and Habit: "rice grains", length 5-10  $\mu$ m<sup>e</sup>

# Reference

[1] H. Lechert, H. Weyda, in Synthesis of Microporous Materials, Vol. I, M. L Occelli, H. Robson (eds.), Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1992, P. 77

### Notes

- a. Missing cations assumed to be TMA<sup>+</sup> or (after calcination) H<sup>+</sup>.
- b. OFF can be obtained without template in the temperature range 87-107°C with a gel (6.2 Na<sub>2</sub>O 3.5 K<sub>2</sub>O : A1<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> : 25 SiO<sub>2</sub> : 390 H<sub>2</sub>O), but slight deviations from this composition give appreciable amounts of erionite or gismondine. At higher temperatures Zeolite P (GIS) and analcime co-crystallize with offretite.
- c. ERI can be distinguished from OFF in the XRD pattern by lines at d = 9.13, 5.37, 4.60, 4.17, 3.28, and 2.82 Å.
- d. The template content of the product is quite low (less than one TMA<sup>+</sup> per UC).
- e. At 190°C, pure erionite can be obtained from a batch composition: 8.0 Na<sub>2</sub>O : 1.7 K<sub>2</sub>O : A1<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> : 24 SiO<sub>2</sub> : 1.7 TMACI : 410 H<sub>2</sub>O. At this temperature the offretite is needles of about 1  $\mu$ m diameter x 25  $\mu$ m long. At crystallization times longer than 4 hours at 190°C, an increasing amount of analcime is observed.