

CHA

SAPO-44

Al(48), P(34), Si(18)

Contributed by S. Ashtekar, S. V.V. Chilukuri and D. K. Chakrabarty

Verified by A. Prakash and He Chang-Qing

Type Material 5.0 ($C_6H_{11}NH_2$) [$Si_{6.5}Al_{17.3}P_{12.2}O_{72}$] w H_2O^a

Method S. Ashtekar, S. V.V. Chilukuri, D. K. Chakrabarty [1]

Batch Composition $Al_2O_3 : 1.0\ P_2O_5 : 1.0\ SiO_2 : 1.9\ R : 63\ H_2O^b$ (R = cyclohexylamine)

Source Materials

distilled water
orthophosphoric acid (85% H_3PO_4)
pseudoboehmite (Catapal-B, Vista, 70% Al_2O_3)
cyclohexylamine (99+%)
fumed silica (99+% SiO_2)

Batch Preparation (for 16 g product)

- (1) [90 g water + 34.59 g orthophosphoric acid + 21.86 g pseudoboehmite, mix thoroughly]
- (2) [60 g water + 28.27 g cyclohexylamine + 9 g fumed silica], mix thoroughly
- (3) [(1) + (2)], mix thoroughly with vigorous agitation

Crystallization

Vessel: stainless steel autoclave
Temperature: 190°C
Time: 48 hours
Agitation: none

Product Recovery

- (1) Filter and wash with distilled water
- (2) Dry at 110°C
- (3) Yield near 100% on Al_2O_3

Product Characterization

XRD: CHA; competing phase: SAPO-5 (when gel $C_6H_{11}NH_2/Al_2O_3$ ratio < 1.9)

Elemental Analysis: $(Si_{0.18}Al_{0.48}P_{0.34})O_2^a$

Crystal Size and Habit: cubical morphology with 10-50 μm diameter [1]

Reference

- [1] S. Ashtekar, S. V. V. Chilukuri, D. K. Chakrabarty, J. Phys. Chem. 98 (1994) 4878

Notes

- a. Cations assumed to be protonated amine or surface hydroxyl.
- b. H_2O includes water from pseudoboehmite and orthophosphoric acid.